

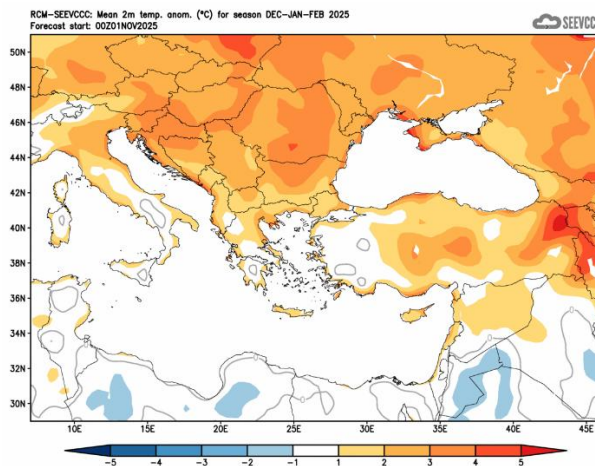
Seasonal weather forecast for the months of December 2025, January and February 2026

General overview of the weather expected to prevail during December 2025 and January and February 2026

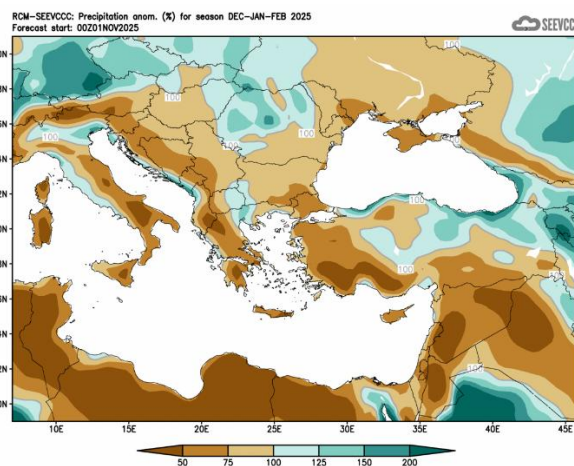
The following period consists of the season of the traditional winter, where most of the annual accumulated precipitation is climatologically expected while in the period in focus normal temperatures (both the maximum and the minimum) are significantly lower than the other months of the year. During the period, the frequency of baroclinic depressions affecting the area is at its highest, resulting in higher accumulated precipitation amounts.

Seasonal forecast for the next three months

Specifically, regarding the seasonal forecast for the temperature for the period of **December 2025, January** and **February 2026**, it is expected to be above normal by 1°C to 2°C period. In addition, it is reported that the entire region of the Balkans, Greece, Asia Minor, and the Near and Middle East is expected to have similar temperature characteristics, i.e. normal to slightly above normal temperatures are expected. For the cumulative rainfall amount, the seasonal forecast appears disappointing, since this will range between 50% and 75% of normal. The scenario is equally disappointing for the remaining neighboring areas of the island. (*).



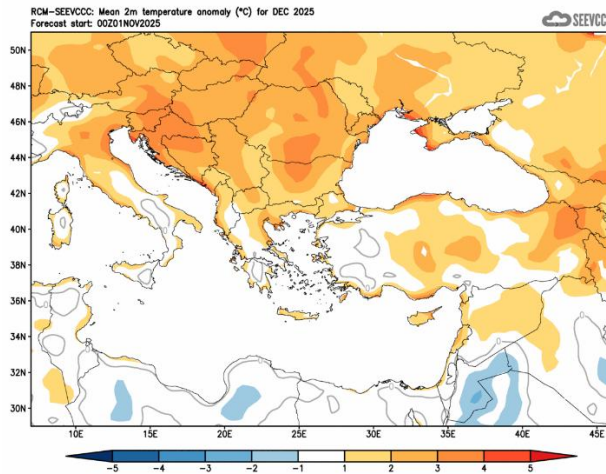
Divergence of temperature from normal from the mean seasonal temperature (°C) for December, January and February



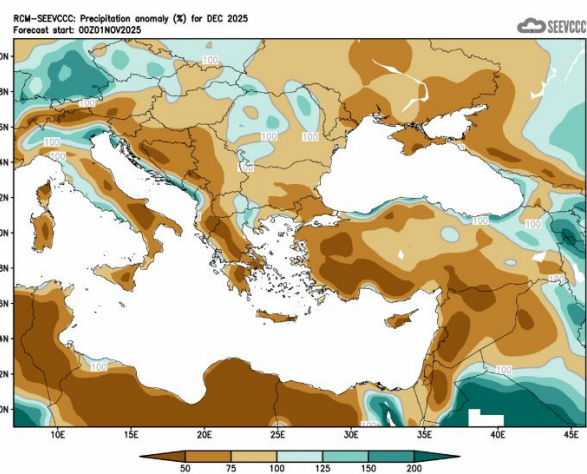
Percentage (%) of the mean seasonal accumulated precipitation compared to the mean normal for December, January and February

Seasonal forecast in detail

The seasonal forecast for **December** suggests that temperature is expected to be above normal by 1°C to 2°C period. The accumulated precipitation of **December** is forecasted to be disappointing, since the model suggests that the accumulation will range between 50% and 75% of normal all over the island, except from the southeastern area over which will be below 50%. Similar conditions, with low accumulations of precipitation characterize all the surrounding area (*).

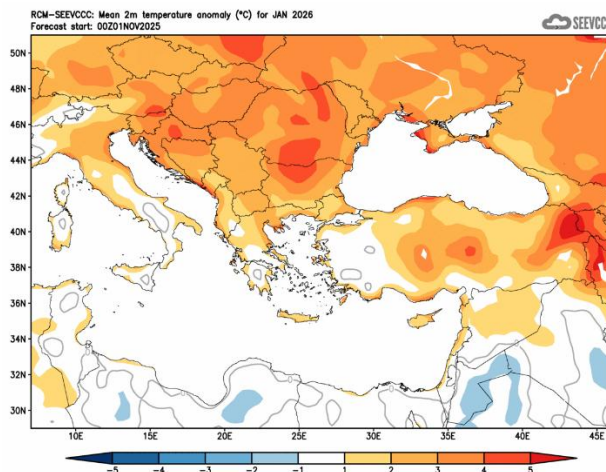


Divergence of the mean monthly temperature (°C)
from normal during December

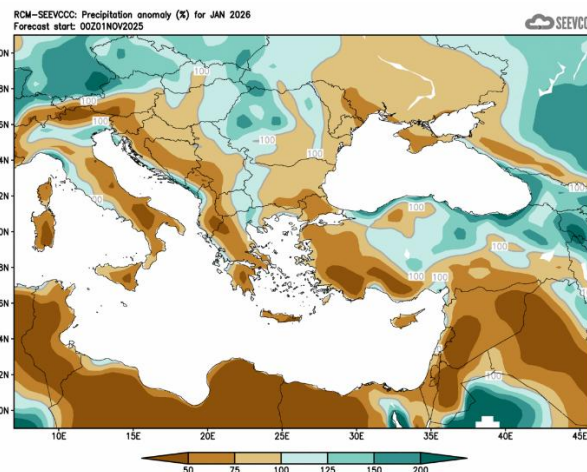


Percentage of the mean monthly precipitation (%)
compared with the normal of December

The seasonal forecast for **January** suggests that temperature will be above normal by 1°C to 2°C. The expected amount of precipitation for the month is expected to be below normal, ranging between 50% to 75% of normal across the island. Also, almost the entire area of the Eastern Mediterranean, the Balkans and a large part of Asia Minor, as well as the Near and Middle East, have similar dry characteristics (*).

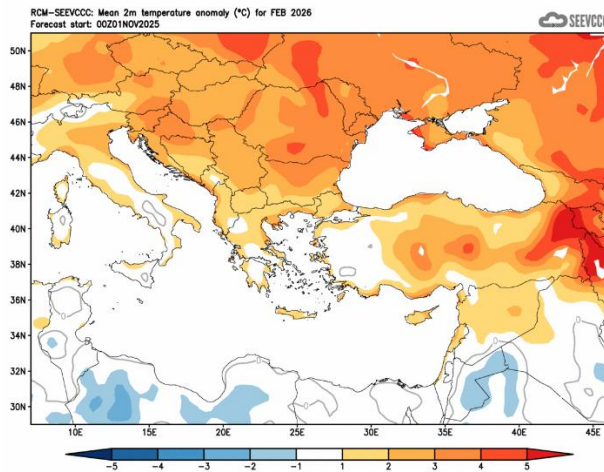


Divergence of the mean monthly temperature (°C)
from normal during January

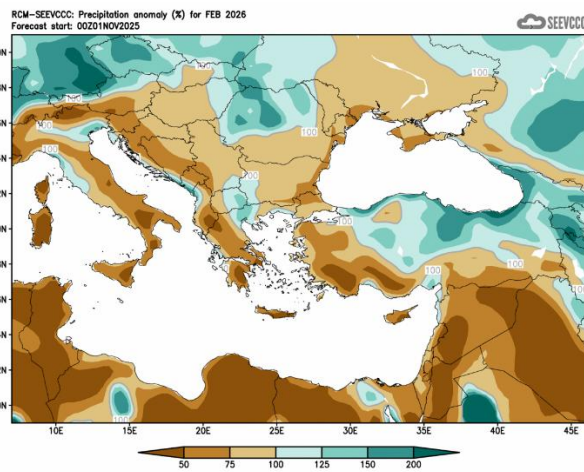


Percentage of the mean monthly precipitation (%)
compared with the normal of January

The seasonal forecast for **February** suggests that temperature will be above normal by 1°C to 2°C. The accumulated precipitation of **February** forecast suggests that the accumulation will range between 50% and 75% of normal all over the island, except from the southeastern area over which will be below 50% of normal. Similar temperature and dry conditions are also characterizing great parts of the surrounding area (*).



Divergence of the mean monthly temperature (°C)
from normal during February



Percentage of the mean monthly precipitation (%)
compared with the normal of February

Normal values of temperature (mean maximum and mean minimum) and accumulated precipitation for December, January and February

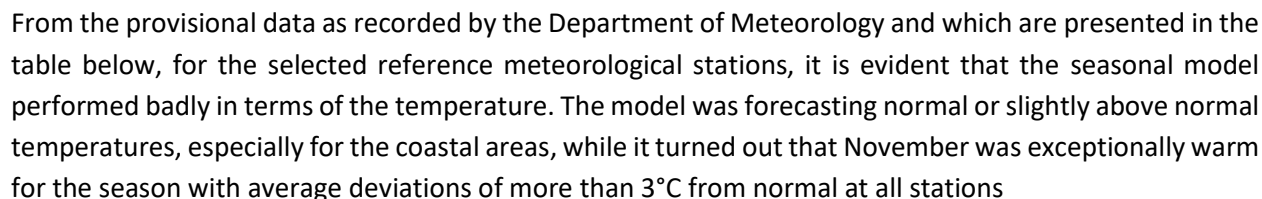
The normal values of the mean maximum and the mean minimum temperature and the accumulated precipitation are presented below concerning the three months the period of forecast is covering, in order to gain a better view of the normal seasonal climate. The temperatures, both the maximum and the minimum, are the lowest climatological temperatures of the year while the accumulated precipitation has the greater amount of the year, because of the increased frequency of reoccurrence/redeveloping of depressions over the area of East Mediterranean. During the period of forecast, snow is likely to occur over the Troodos range while snow may even occur above 300m, a phenomenon that is not that frequent.

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION NORMAL VALUES FOR THE PERIOD 1981-2010									
Area Name	MEAN DAILY MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)			MEAN DAILY MINIMUM TEMPERATURE (°C)			MEAN MONTHLY TOTAL PRECIPITATION (mm)		
	December	January	February	December	January	February	December	January	February
NORTH COAST	18.0	16.3	16.3	9.3	7.6	7.3	93.6	85.3	68.5
WEST COAST*	18.9	17.1	17.1	10.0	8.3	8.1	90.1	78.8	59.8
MOUNTAINOUS AREAS	8.3	6.3	6.7	2.6	0.7	0.5	157.3	150.0	128.7
INLAND*	17.3	15.5	16.0	7.0	5.4	5.3	57.2	48.8	44.5
SOUTH COAST	18.6	16.8	17.0	9.2	7.5	7.1	79.0	73.7	50.3
EAST COAST**	18.0	16.3	16.5	8.3	6.6	6.3	76.8	67.3	50.7

* West Coast and Inland Values cover the period 1983-2010

** East Coast Temperature Values cover the period 1981-2007

The seasonal forecast for **November** suggested that the mean temperature of the island would generally be normal to above normal, mainly over the coastal areas. The amount of the accumulated precipitation was expected to range between 50% to 75% of normal all over the island, except from the southeastern area over which it was expected to be below 50% of normal. The wider area was characterized by normal temperatures and drought, since the expected amount of rain would range between 50% to 75%, and in some of these areas it would even range below 50% of normal.



TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION PROVISIONAL DATA FOR NOVEMBER 2025														
St. No.	Station Name	Mean Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Normal Value (1981-2010)	Difference from Normal Value	Highest Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Lowest Daily Maximum Temperature (°C)	Mean Daily Minimum Temperature (°C)	Normal Value (1981-2010)	Difference from Normal Value	Lowest Daily Minimum Temperature (°C)	Highest Daily Minimum Temperature (°C)	Monthly Total Precipitation (mm)	Normal Value (1981-2010)	Difference from Normal Value
41	POLIS CHRYSOCHOUS	25.3	21.7	3.6	31.8	21.3	15.0	12.2	2.8	12.4	18.8	37.1	58.6	-21.5
82*	PAFOS (AIRPORT)	25.5	22.4	3.1	29.5	21.9	16.2	12.9	3.3	11.9	19.8	22.1	52.6	-30.5
225	PRODROMOS (C.F.C.)	17.5	12.8	4.7	23.6	11.2	9.6	6.1	3.5	4.0	15.3	24.4	93.8	-69.4
666*	ATHALASSA (RADIOSONDE)	26.5	22.1	4.4	32.0	20.5	12.7	10.4	2.3	9.5	17.0	17.5	42.4	-24.9
731	LARNAKA (AIRPORT)	26.5	22.6	3.9	30.1	23.1	16.6	12.4	4.2	12.2	21.1	24.6	46.8	-22.2
800**	ACHNA (DASAKI)	27.2	22.3	4.9	31.6	21.6	15.7	11.9	3.8	9.9	19.5	36.5	44.0	-7.5

Extreme maximum temperatures with positive deviations of more than 4°C were recorded, such as at the station in Poli Chrysochous, where the extreme maximum (31.8°C) was above normal (21.7°C) by 10.1°C. Also, at the station in Prodromos, the extreme maximum (23.6°C) was 10.8°C above normal (12.8°C).

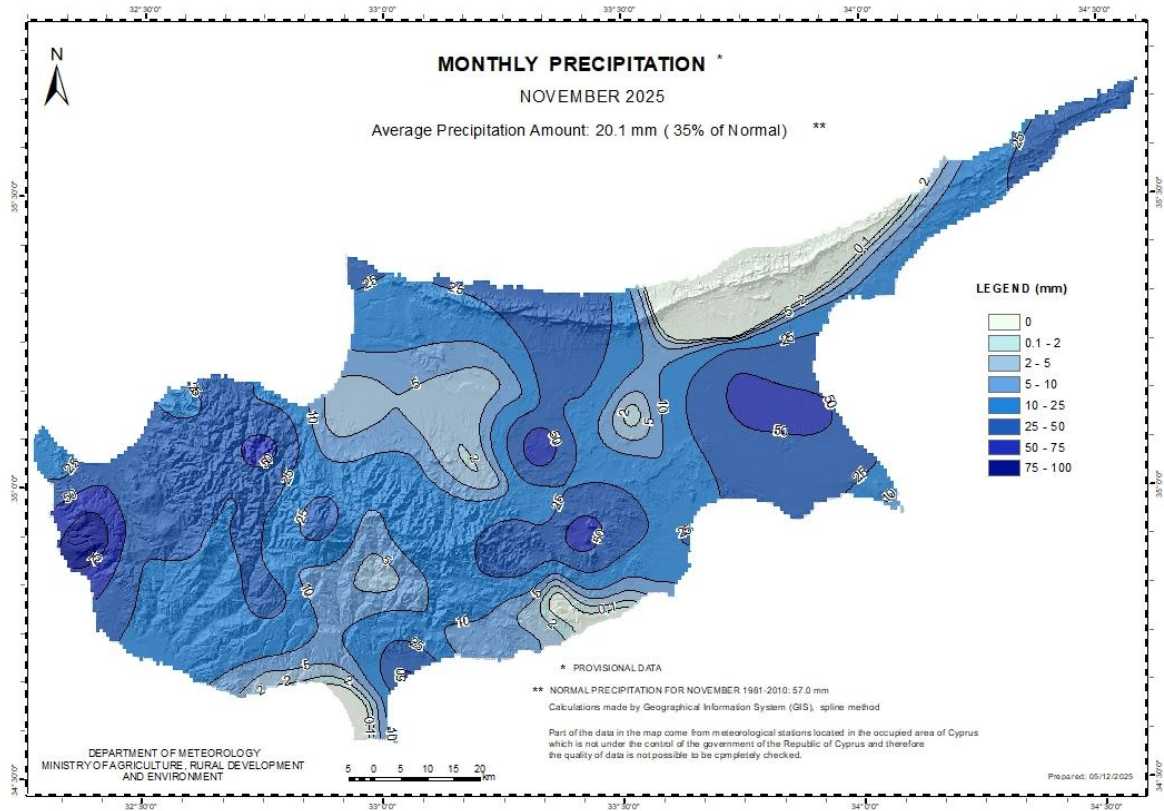
Extreme minimum temperatures with positive deviations of more than 4°C above normal were also recorded, such as at Larnaca Airport, where the minimum temperature (21.1°C) was 8.7°C above normal (12.4°C) and at the station in Prodromos, where the minimum (15.3°C) was 9.2°C above normal (6.1°C).

Regarding accumulated precipitation, it seems that the seasonal model did not behave well, since while the expected rainfall amount would have ranged between 50% and 75% of normal, or even lower in the southeast and interior, November recorded cumulative rainfall much lower than normal levels. As can be seen from the map below of the distribution of preliminary accumulated precipitation for November, the average surface distribution reached 35% of normal, with 20.1mm.

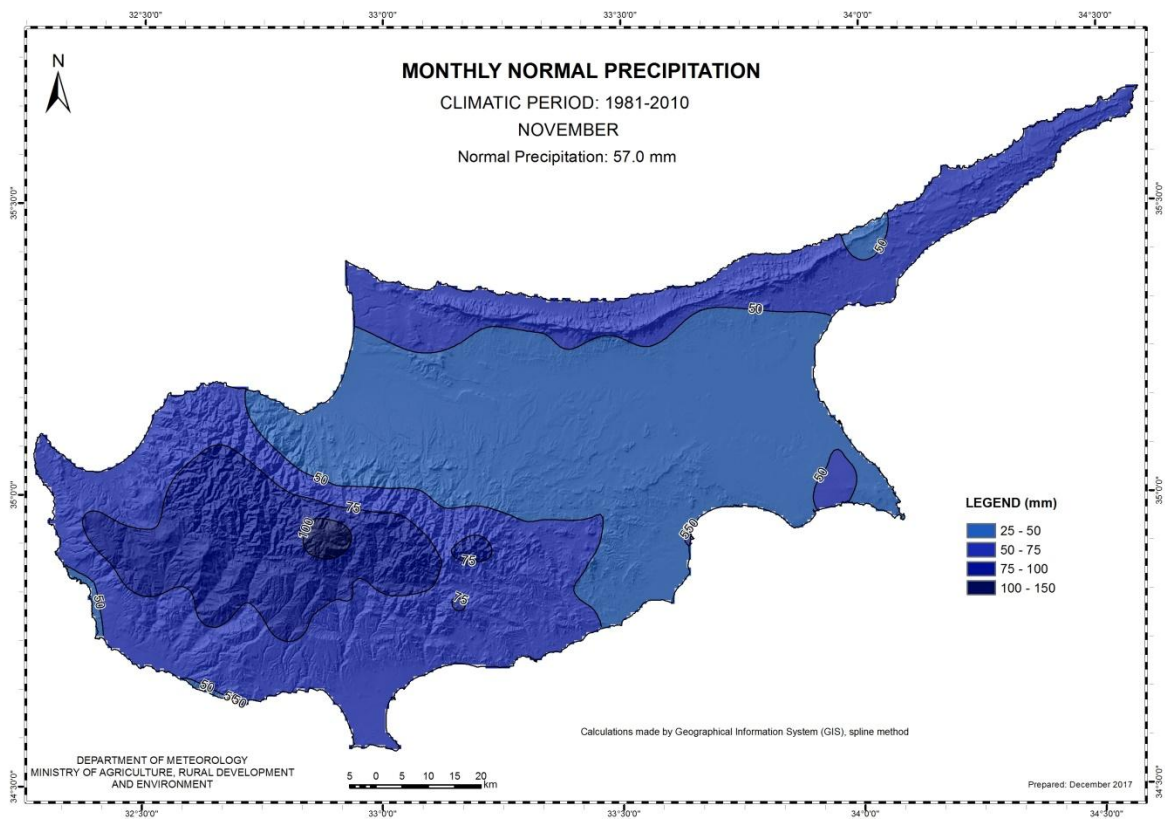
During the periods 3-4, 7, 12-14, 17, 22, 24-27 and 29-30 of November, local showers and thunderstorms were recorded. Preliminary data indicate that hail occurred on November 24th and 25th.

In addition, a yellow EMMA warning for thunderstorms was issued for the periods 12-13, 25 and 29-30 of November.

For the purpose of better visualization of **November** accumulated precipitation, a chart of Cyprus with the total preliminary accumulated precipitation is presented.



A Cyprus chart with the normal (period 1981 to 2010) accumulated precipitation for the month of **November** is also presented.



(*) It is stated that due to the failure of the seasonal model to correctly forecast the expected precipitation (sometimes) the seasonal forecast for precipitation is given with a reserve.